

Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

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Log Event A

Borehole 21-12-05

Borehole Information

Farm: \underline{BX} Tank: $\underline{BX-112}$ Site Number: $\underline{299-\underline{E33-154}}$

N-Coord : 45,562 **W-Coord** : 53,528 **TOC** Elevation : 654.56

Water Level, ft : Date Drilled : $\frac{11/30/1971}{1}$

Casing Record

Type: Steel-welded Thickness: 0.280 ID, in.: 6

Top Depth, ft. : $\underline{0}$ Bottom Depth, ft. : $\underline{100}$

Borehole Notes:

Borehole 21-12-05 was drilled in November 1971 to a depth of 100 ft with 6-in. casing. The casing thickness is presumed to be 0.280 in., on the basis of the published thickness for schedule-40, 6-in. steel tubing. Data from the drilling log and Chamness and Merz (1993) were used to provide borehole construction information. Although no information concerning grouting or perforations was available, it is assumed that the borehole was not grouted or perforated since this was not a routine practice during the early 1970s drilling campaign. The top of the casing, which is the zero reference for the SGLS, is about 1.5 ft above the ground surface.

Equipment Information

 Logging System :
 2
 Detector Type :
 HPGe
 Detector Efficiency:
 35.0 %

 Calibration Date :
 04/1997
 Calibration Reference :
 GJO-HAN-13
 Logging Procedure : P-GJPO-1783

Log Run Information

Log Run Number: 1 Log Run Date: 06/16/1997 Logging Engineer: Bob Spatz

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{0.0}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{17.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$

Log Run Number: 2 Log Run Date: 06/17/1997 Logging Engineer: Bob Spatz

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{16.0}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{50.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$

Log Run Number: 3 Log Run Date: 07/01/1997 Logging Engineer: Bob Spatz

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{96.0}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{49.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$



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Analysis Information

Analyst: E. Larsen

Data Processing Reference : MAC-VZCP 1.7.9 Analysis Date : 01/09/1998

Analysis Notes:

The pre-survey and post-survey field verification spectra for all logging runs met the acceptance criteria established for peak shape and system efficiency. The energy calibration and peak-shape calibration from the accepted calibration spectrum that most closely matched the field data were used to establish the peak resolution and channel-to-energy parameters used in processing the spectra acquired during the logging operation.

Casing correction factors for a 0.280-in.-thick steel casing were applied during analysis.

Log Plot Notes:

Separate log plots show the man-made and the naturally occurring radionuclides. The natural radionuclides can be used for lithology interpretations. The headings of the plots identify the specific gamma rays used to calculate the concentrations. Uncertainty bars on the plots show the statistical uncertainties for the measurements as 95-percent confidence intervals. Open circles on the plots give the MDL. The MDL of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible.

A combination plot includes the man-made and natural radionuclides, the total gamma derived from the spectral data, and the Tank Farms gross gamma log. The gross gamma plot displays the latest available digital data. No attempt has been made to adjust the depths of the gross gamma logs to coincide with the SGLS data.